

### Strategic Sampling and Analytical Sequencing to Optimize Dredging Options in Areas Challenged by Legacy Contaminants

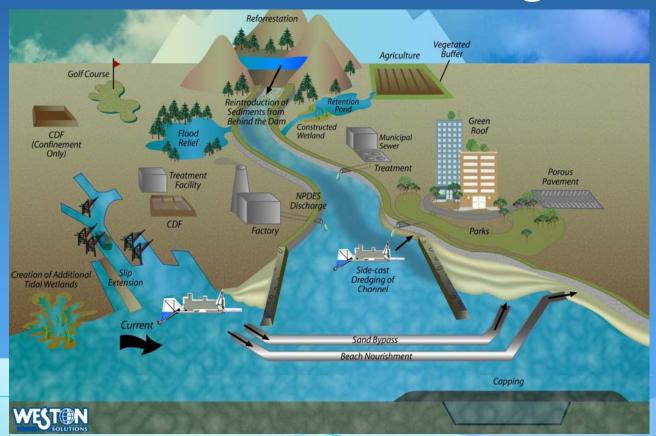








# Sustainable Sediment Management







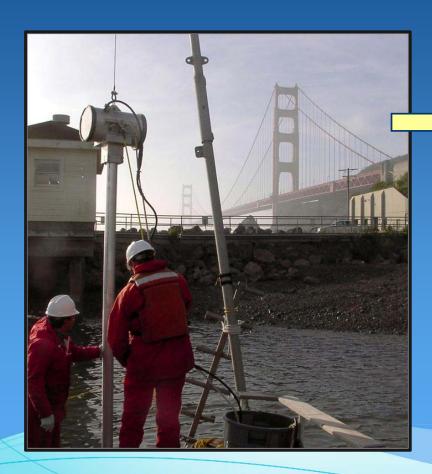


Comprehensive approach for addressing the short and long-term management and conservation of sediments within a watershed to maintain current and future beneficial uses while addressing regional environmental, economic, and social objectives.



















# Understanding Potential Contaminant Impacts at Project Site

- Review current and historical land-use
- Engage regulatory agencies early
- Take the time to find sampling and testing history
- Overlay historical data using GIS tools





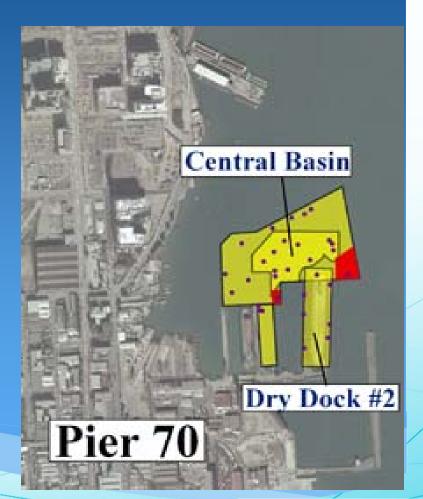




#### Sampling Approach

- Collect multiple samples in areas of potential concern
- Align sample locations with effective dredge footprint
- Vertically segment sample cores











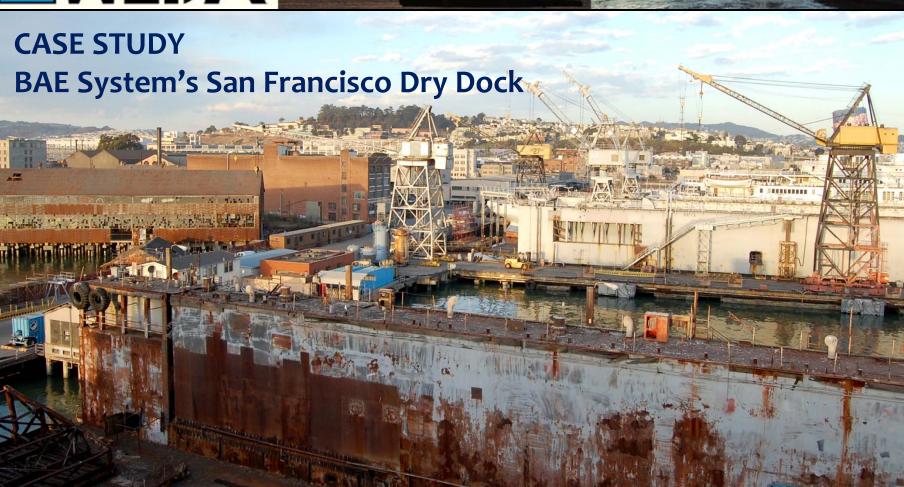
#### Analytical Approach

- Understanding of the analytical completion dates necessary to meet the dredging schedule
- Determine quick-turn capability for contaminants of concern
- Understand allowable thresholds for available disposable/re-use options
- Sequence analytical procedures
  - Advance screening
  - Quick-turn analysis for contaminants of concern
  - Horizontal and/or vertical high-resolutions analysis















#### Background

- Located on Pier 70 at the Port of San Francisco
- Only West Coast ship repair service able to accommodate largest Pacific Ocean cruise ships
- Tripartite agreement with the Port and cruise line to maintain navigation depths at dry dock



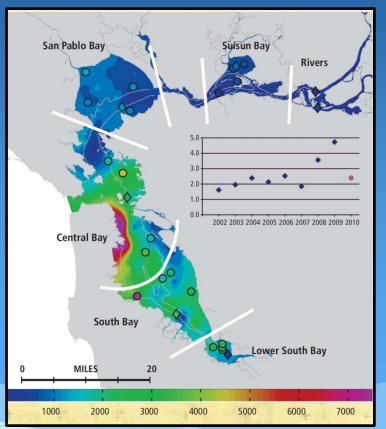






## Potential Confounding Issues

- Likely polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon (PAH) contamination within the dredge area
- Imminent and near-term Cruise ship call scheduled
- Regional LTMS policy dictate consideration of two beneficial use/disposal options











Dredging needs to accommodate maneuvering from staging berth to dry dock.









- Initial composite analysis resulted in PAH 2 hot-areas
- Quick-turn high-resolution analysis resulted in 3 hotspots









- Hot zones delineated by agencies based on 3 hotspots
- Path of maneuverability impeded









- Quick-turn analysis of auxiliary samples and vertically segmented samples
- Horizontal isolation of PAH contaminants in one area
- Vertical isolation in other area

-31.5 MLLW

-32.5 MLLW









- Horizontal isolation and adjustment of dredge depth allows contraction of hot-zones
- Path of maneuverability can now be dredged







#### **CONCLUSIONS**

- Collection of auxiliary samples followed by horizontal and vertical segmentation testing results in approval of an adequate dredge footprint
- Close and frequent communication with BAE, regulatory agencies and the analytical lab allowed for expeditious resolution of contaminant impacts to dredging objective







#### **QUESTIONS**



Scott.Bodensteiner@WestonSolutions.com

