# ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES ASSOCIATED WITH MAINTENANCE DREDGING IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA

ECOLOGIST
ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES BRANCH
LOS ANGELES DISTRICT
U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
LAWRENCE.J.SMITH@USACE.ARMY.MIL

"The views, opinions and findings contained in this report are those of the authors(s) and should not be construed as an official Department of the Army position, policy or decision, unless so designated by other official documentation."











### **OUTLINE**

Sediment sampling and testing protocols SC-DMMT consultation
Recent contaminants of concern
Eelgrass
Caulerpa taxifolia
Special status species





# SEDIMENT SAMPLING AND TESTING PROTOCOLS

Beach nourishment

Dredged sediments

grain size

sediment chemistry of composite area samples

archives of individual cores for chemistry

archives of composites for optional bioassay

Beach/nearshore placement site

grain size

**Threshold** 

ER-L and ER-M

Human RSL

**Human CHHSL** 

Ocean disposal

Full Tier III Green Book testing





#### **SC-DMMT CONSULTATION**

#### Membership

Los Angeles District (Planning and Regulatory)\*

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency\*

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

National Marine Fisheries Service

Regional Water Quality Control Boards\*

California Coastal Commission\*

California Department of Fish and Wildlife

\* voting member

Monthly meetings, meeting notes serve as concurrence correspondence

Out of cycle reviews possible





## **SC-DMMT CONSULTATION**

Z-layer Archived samples Beach sediment chemistry





#### Arsenic

Elevated arsenic concentrations occur commonly from natural as well as from anthropogenic sources in California dredge sediments and soils.

Estimated background concentration (3.5 mg/kg) for soils throughout California (Bradford et al., 1996)

Concentration (12 mg/kg) that the Department of Toxic Substance Control (DTSC) considers dangerous to human health (Dr. William Bosan, Personnel Communication).





**PCB** 

Port Hueneme June 2017

EPA proposed Consensus Threshold Effect Concentrations (TEC) of 48 ppb for total PCB, Superfund Threshold

Harbor Deepening

2001 Ecological Risk Assessment

2003 Model 95% UCL 89.6 ppb total PCB

2017 Bioaccumulation showed no ecological accumulative potential

**DOTS** request

July 2017

October 2017





**DDT** 

**ER-L** and **ER-M** 

	ER-L	ER-M
DDD	2	20
DDE	2.2	27
DDT	1	7
Total DDT	1.58	46.1

ppb

EPA agreement that the ER-L value is not predictive of toxicity





**Pyrethroids** 

Relatively new class of pesticide that is showing up in southern California sediments.

Pyrethroids		
Fenpropathrin (Danitol)		
Fenvalerate (sanmarton)		
Fluvalinate		
Permethrin (cis and trans)		
Resmethrin (Bioresmethrin)		
Resmethrin		
Sumithrin (Phenothrin)		
Tetramethrin		
Tralomethrin		





#### **EELGRASS**

Special aquatic site

Eelgrass defined as Essential Fish Habitat

NMFP Policies 1991 Southern California Eelgrass Mitigation Policy 2014 California Eelgrass Mitigation Policy

Recommendations made by NMFS as part of Essential Fish Habitat, including the CEMP, are advisory only and do not require compliance.

Not implemented in LAD Civil Works:

The spatial distribution of eelgrass habitat should be delineated by a contiguous boundary around all areas of vegetated eelgrass cover extending outward a distance of 5 m.

Mitigation includes this boundary area. Mitigation delay penalties





#### CAULERPA TAXIFOLIA

Invasive algal species

Discovered in summer 2000 in Agua Hedionda Lagoon, San Diego County and Huntington Harbor, Orange County

Eradicated at great expense by National Marine Fisheries Service

CAULERPA CONTROL PROTOCOL issued by NMFS in 2003

Essential Fish Habitat conservation recommendation

LAD does not conduct surveys where:

open coastal projects

deep, federal navigation channels that are -45 feet MLLW or deeper





Marine mammals
Marine Mammal Protection Act
Endangered Species Act

Dredging
Structure repair (jetty, breakwater)

Generally, no effect determination due to other areas available and species can easily move and use those other areas

NMFS response varies from acceptance to attempts to impose take restrictions and monitoring.

NMFS prepared EA for reef restoration that included rationale similar to ours for no effect in 2016





California least tern

Endangered, migratory bird species, may be downlisted to threatened in 2018 Nesting season April 15-September 15 Nests on beaches and sand islands Forages in coastal waters and estuaries

Dredge window September 15-April 15 when species not present in California

Study completed in 2013, published by ERDC as Technical Report in 2016
California Least Tern Foraging Ecology in Southern California
A Review of Foraging Behavior Relative to Proposed Dredging
Locations

ERDC/EL CR-16-3 May 2016

Dredging and beach nourishment have no effect on California least tern, unless equipment is in close proximity to nest site. Dredge window not supported.





Western snowy plover

Threatened shore bird
Winters on sandy beaches above high tide
Nests on beaches, prefers area close to dune vegetation
Nesting season March 1-September 1

May be affected by on-beach nourishment activities (placement, grading)

Use of monitors and equipment guides precludes impacts





California grunion

Spawning season March 15-September 1

Four night runs each full and new moon Schedule published by California Department of Fish and Wildlife

No legal protections other than as a fishery resource

Added protections added by National Marine Fisheries Service, California Department of Fish and Wildlife, and California Coastal Commission.

Corps policy to avoid where possible

Many beaches being nourished are too badly eroded to support grunion

No effect from nearshore placement, placement restricted to times outside scheduled runs

Runs of Walker Scale 0 and/or 1 do not warrant avoidance measures





#### ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES ASSOCIATED WITH MAINTENANCE DREDGING IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA

LARRY SMITH
ECOLOGIST
ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES BRANCH
LOS ANGELES DISTRICT
U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
LAWRENCE.J.SMITH@USACE.ARMY.MIL

# **QUESTIONS**



"The views, opinions and findings contained in this report are those of the authors(s) and should not be construed as an official Department of the Army position, policy or decision, unless so designated by other official documentation."



